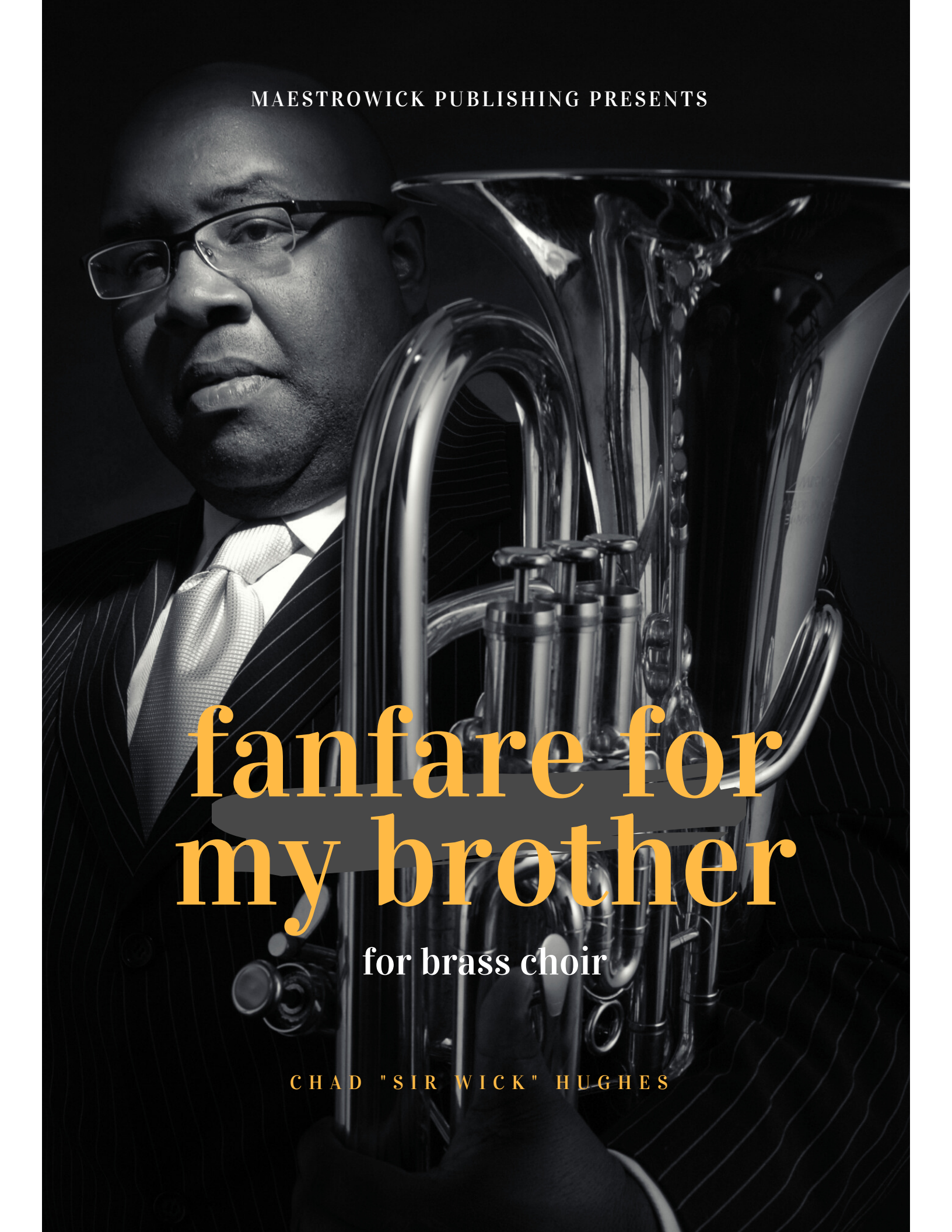




MAESTROWICK PUBLISHING PRESENTS

fanfare for my brother

for brass choir

CHAD "SIR WICK" HUGHES

Maestrowick Publications Presents

Chad “Sir Wick” Hughes

Fanfare for My Brother
(for Brass Choir)

Fanfare for My Brother

Instrumentation

Trumpet in Bb I
Trumpet in Bb II
Trumpet in Bb III
Trumpet in Bb IV

Horn in F I
Horn in F II
Horn in F III
Horn in F IV

Trombone I
Trombone II
Bass Trombone
Euphonium
Tuba

Duration: approx 2:30

Demondrae Thurman is a name that reverberates throughout the Euphonium community with the highest authority. After finally meeting him in person in 2007, one would have thought we had been friends for our entire lives. After finding out I was a composer and a euphoniumist, Dr. Thurman asked me to write him a concerto and asked for some of my work. Because of that gesture, Dr. Thurman was one of the first to perform my wind band literature while Director of Bands at Sanford University. I was so humbled by his kindness.

When he told me that he was about to work at Indiana University, I jumped for joy. I felt as though IU made the biggest first round pick in history since LeBron James entered the NBA. This was so huge for an African American musician and the euphonium world.

In a passing conversation, Dr. Thurman had told me about how he was selecting repertoire for orchestra brass literature that included euphonium. This topic has always been a “thorn in the side” for euphoniumists worldwide especially for me as a composer. Although I knew they would probably never be played, I would write orchestra music with euphonium in college hoping one day the orchestra world would fall in love with instrument. Reflecting on that “pain”, I told Dr. Thurman I was going to rework a piece specifically just for him to conduct and called his own. I reached in my vault and thoroughly revised a piece originally called “Water to Wine” to “Fanfare for My Brother” to show my gratitude to someone who truly is my “Brother from another mother.”

Musically Yours,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Sir Wick".

Chad “Sir Wick” Hughes
December 27, MMXIX

Special Thanks to My Lord and Savior, Jesus Christ,
Phi Mu Alpha Epsilon, Paul Eachus, Alfred Watkins,
Demondrae Thurman and
James Aikman
for their everlasting support and advice during the
composition of this piece.

For Demondrae Thurman and the Indiana University Brass Choir

Fanfare for My Brother

Score

Chad "Sir Wick" Hughes

Allegro maestoso ♩.=148

The musical score is written for a brass choir. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The time signature is 12/8. The tempo is Allegro maestoso, with a metronome marking of 148 beats per minute. The score is divided into four measures. The first measure contains the main melody for the Trumpet in Bb I, starting with a forte (f) dynamic. The other instruments (Trumpet in Bb II, Trumpet in Bb III, Trumpet in Bb IV, Horn in F I, Horn in F II, Horn in F III, Horn in F IV, Trombone I, Trombone II, Bass Trombone, Euphonium, and Tuba) are marked with a whole rest in the first measure. In the subsequent measures, all instruments have whole rests.

Trumpet in Bb I

Trumpet in Bb II

Trumpet in Bb III

Trumpet in Bb IV

Horn in F I

Horn in F II

Horn in F III

Horn in F IV

Trombone I

Trombone II

Bass Trombone

Euphonium

Tuba

Fanfare for My Brother
Score

5

Trpt I

Trpt II

f

Trpt III

Trpt IV

Horn I

Horn II

Horn III

Horn IV

Trom. I

Trom. II

B. Trom

Euph.

Tba.

9

Trpt I

Trpt II

Trpt III

Trpt IV

Horn I

Horn II

Horn III

Horn IV

Trom. I

Trom. II

B. Trom

Euph.

Tba.

Measure 9: Trpt I plays a quarter note G4, quarter note A4, quarter note B4, quarter note C5, quarter note B4, quarter note A4, quarter note G4, quarter note F#4. Trpt II plays a quarter note G4, quarter note A4, quarter note B4, quarter note C5, quarter note B4, quarter note A4, quarter note G4, quarter note F#4. Trpt III plays a quarter note G4, quarter note A4, quarter note B4, quarter note C5, quarter note B4, quarter note A4, quarter note G4, quarter note F#4. Trpt IV is silent. Horn I, Horn II, Horn III, Horn IV, Trom. I, Trom. II, B. Trom, Euph., and Tba. are all silent.

Measure 10: Trpt I plays a quarter note G4, quarter note A4, quarter note B4, quarter note C5, quarter note B4, quarter note A4, quarter note G4, quarter note F#4. Trpt II plays a quarter note G4, quarter note A4, quarter note B4, quarter note C5, quarter note B4, quarter note A4, quarter note G4, quarter note F#4. Trpt III plays a quarter note G4, quarter note A4, quarter note B4, quarter note C5, quarter note B4, quarter note A4, quarter note G4, quarter note F#4. Trpt IV is silent. Horn I, Horn II, Horn III, Horn IV, Trom. I, Trom. II, B. Trom, Euph., and Tba. are all silent.

Measure 11: Trpt I plays a quarter note G4, quarter note A4, quarter note B4, quarter note C5, quarter note B4, quarter note A4, quarter note G4, quarter note F#4. Trpt II plays a quarter note G4, quarter note A4, quarter note B4, quarter note C5, quarter note B4, quarter note A4, quarter note G4, quarter note F#4. Trpt III plays a quarter note G4, quarter note A4, quarter note B4, quarter note C5, quarter note B4, quarter note A4, quarter note G4, quarter note F#4. Trpt IV is silent. Horn I, Horn II, Horn III, Horn IV, Trom. I, Trom. II, B. Trom, Euph., and Tba. are all silent.

12

Trpt I

Trpt II

Trpt III

Trpt IV

f

Horn I

Horn II

Horn III

Horn IV

Trom. I

Trom. II

B. Trom

Euph.

Tba.

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score, specifically measures 12 through 14. The score is for a brass section. The first four staves are for Trumpets I, II, III, and IV. Trumpets I, II, and III have melodic lines with various ornaments (accents, slurs, and grace notes). Trumpet IV has a rest in measure 12 and enters in measure 13 with a forte (f) dynamic. Measures 13 and 14 continue the melodic development for the first three trumpets. The next four staves are for Horns I, II, III, and IV, all of which have whole rests throughout measures 12, 13, and 14. The following three staves are for Trombone I, Trombone II, and Baritone Trombone, all with whole rests. The final two staves are for Euphonium and Tuba, also with whole rests. The key signature is three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat), and the time signature is 4/4. A rehearsal mark '12' is placed at the beginning of measure 12.

15 17

Trpt I

Trpt II

Trpt III

Trpt IV

Horn I

Horn II

Horn III

Horn IV

Trom. I

Trom. II

B. Trom

Euph.

Tba.

f

f

f

f

misterioso

f

Detailed description of the musical score: The score is for a brass ensemble. Measures 15 and 16 show the following: Trumpet I has a melodic line starting on G4, moving up stepwise to B4, then down. Trumpet II has a more active line with eighth notes. Trumpet III and IV have simpler, mostly quarter-note lines. Horns I-IV are silent in measures 15 and 16. In measure 17, Horns I and II enter with a strong, mysterious sound (marked *f* and *misterioso*) playing a half-note chord (G4-F#4). Horns III and IV enter with a similar sound, playing a half-note chord (E4-D#4). The euphonium also enters in measure 17 with a half-note chord (G4-F#4), marked *f*. The tuba and trombones remain silent throughout the three measures.

18

Trpt I

Trpt II

Trpt III

Trpt IV

Horn I

Horn II

Horn III

Horn IV

Trom. I

Trom. II

B. Trom

Euph.

Tba.

[illegible]

23

Trpt I

Trpt II

Trpt III

Trpt IV

Horn I

Horn II

Horn III

Horn IV

Trom. I

Trom. II

B. Trom

Euph.

Tba.

28

Trpt I

Trpt II

Trpt III

Trpt IV

Horn I

Horn II

Horn III

Horn IV

Trom. I

Trom. II

B. Trom

Euph.

Tba.

misterioso

f misterioso

f misterioso

f misterioso

f

ff

31

Trpt I

Trpt II

Trpt III

Trpt IV

Horn I

Horn II

Horn III

Horn IV

Trom. I

Trom. II

B. Trom

Euph.

Tba.

34

Trpt I *f*

Trpt II *f*

Trpt III *f*

Trpt IV *f*

Horn I *mf*

Horn II *mf*

Horn III *mf*

Horn IV *mf*

Trom. I

Trom. II

B. Trom

Euph.

Tba.

Detailed description of the musical score: The score is for measures 34, 35, and 36. The key signature has two flats (B-flat and E-flat). The time signature is 4/4. The brass section consists of four Trumpets (I-IV), four Horns (I-IV), Trombones I and II, Baritone Trombone, Euphonium, and Tuba. Measures 34-36 show a complex brass arrangement with various dynamics and articulations. The Trumpets play a melodic line with accents and slurs, starting with a forte (f) dynamic. The Horns play a harmonic line with a mezzo-forte (mf) dynamic. The Trombones and Euphonium/Tuba play a bass line with a mezzo-forte (mf) dynamic. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, slurs, accents, and dynamics.

-13-

40

Trpt I

Trpt II

Trpt III

Trpt IV

Horn I

Horn II

Horn III

Horn IV

Trom. I

Trom. II

B. Trom

Euph.

Tba.

The musical score is written for a brass section. It consists of nine staves, each representing a different instrument. The first four staves are for Trumpets (Trpt I, II, III, IV), the next four for Horns (Horn I, II, III, IV), and the last one for Tuba (Tba.). The Euphonium (Euph.) and Trombones (Trom. I, II, B. Trom) are listed but have no notation in this section. The key signature has two flats (Bb and Eb), and the time signature is 4/4. Measure 40 starts with a rehearsal mark. In measures 40 and 41, the Horns and Tuba play active melodic lines, while the Trumpets and other brass instruments are mostly silent. Measure 42 shows a final chord for all instruments.

[illegible]

49 51

Trpt I *p* *ff* *mp* *f*

Trpt II *p* *ff* *mp* *f*

Trpt III *p* *ff* *mp* *f*

Trpt IV *p* *ff* *mp* *f*

Horn I

Horn II 49

Horn III 49

Horn IV 49

Trom. I *p* *f*

Trom. II *p* *f*

B. Trom *p* *f*

Euph. *p*

Tba. *ff*

52

Trpt I

Trpt II

Trpt III

Trpt IV

Horn I

Horn II

Horn III

Horn IV

52

52

52

52

Trom. I

Trom. II

B. Trom

Euph.

Tba.

The musical score is arranged in a system of staves. The top section contains four staves for Trumpets (I-IV), followed by four staves for Horns (I-IV). Below these are three staves for Trombones (I, II, and B.), and finally two staves for Euphonium and Tuba. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The time signature is not explicitly shown but appears to be 4/4 based on the note values. Measure 52 starts with a rehearsal mark. The notation includes various note values, rests, and articulation marks like accents and slurs.

55

Trpt I

Trpt II

Trpt III

Trpt IV

Horn I

Horn II

Horn III

Horn IV

Trom. I

Trom. II

B. Trom

Euph.

Tba.

55

55

55

55

58

Trpt I

Trpt II

Trpt III

Trpt IV

Horn I

Horn II

Horn III

Horn IV

58

58

58

58

Trom. I

Trom. II

B. Trom

Euph.

Tba.

Detailed description of the musical score: The score is for a brass section. Measures 58-60 are marked with a '58' above the first staff. Trumpets I-IV and Horns I-IV play a sustained harmonic, with the Horns and Trombones I and II having a dotted half note on the first beat of each measure. Trombone I and II have a dotted half note on the first beat, while Trombone III has a half note. Euphonium and Tuba play a sustained harmonic. In measure 61, the Trumpets and Euphonium play a melodic flourish, while the Tuba plays a descending line. The key signature changes from one sharp to two flats at the end of measure 61.

61

61

Trpt I

Trpt II

Trpt III

Trpt IV

Horn I

Horn II

Horn III

Horn IV

Trom. I

Trom. II

B. Trom

Euph.

Tba.

f

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score for measures 61, 62, and 63. The score is written for a large ensemble. Measures 61 and 62 are marked with a box containing the number '61'. The instruments are arranged in a system with the following parts: Trpt I, Trpt II, Trpt III, Trpt IV, Horn I, Horn II, Horn III, Horn IV, Trom. I, Trom. II, B. Trom, Euph., and Tba. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The time signature is 4/4. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The Trom. I part has a forte (*f*) marking in measure 61. The Euph. part has a fermata over the first measure. The Tba. part has a fermata over the first measure. The score is written in a standard musical notation style with a large staff for each instrument.

64

Trpt I

Trpt II

Trpt III

Trpt IV

Horn I

64

Horn II

64

Horn III

64

Horn IV

Trom. I

Trom. II

B. Trom

Euph.

Tba.

The musical score is arranged in three systems. The first system contains four staves for Trpt I, Trpt II, Trpt III, and Trpt IV. The second system contains four staves for Horn I, Horn II, Horn III, and Horn IV. The third system contains four staves for Trom. I, Trom. II, B. Trom, and Euph. The fourth system contains two staves for Euph. and Tba. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). Measure 64 shows rests for all instruments except Trom. I, which has a melodic line. Measure 65 shows rests for all instruments except Trom. I and Trom. II, which have melodic lines. Measure 66 continues the melodic lines for Trom. I and Trom. II. The dynamic marking *f* (forte) is present in measure 65 for Trom. II.

67

Trpt I

Trpt II

Trpt III

Trpt IV

Horn I

Horn II

Horn III

Horn IV

Trom. I

Trom. II

B. Trom

Euph.

Tba.

f

Detailed description: This page of a musical score contains measures 67, 68, and 69. The score is for a large ensemble, including four trumpets (Trpt I-IV), four horns (Horn I-IV), three trombones (Trom. I, II, B. Trom), an euphonium (Euph.), and a tuba (Tba.). Measures 67 and 68 are mostly rests for the brass instruments. In measure 69, the Trombone I and II parts have active lines. Trombone I plays a descending eighth-note scale: G4, F#4, E4, D4, C4. Trombone II plays a descending eighth-note scale: F#4, E4, D4, C4, B3. The B. Trom part has a rest in measure 69. The Euphonium and Tuba parts have rests in measure 69. The dynamic *f* (forte) is marked under the Trombone II part in measure 69.

70

Trpt I

Trpt II

Trpt III

Trpt IV

Horn I

Horn II

Horn III

Horn IV

Trom. I

Trom. II

B. Trom

Euph.

Tba.

The musical score is arranged in three systems. The first system contains four staves for Trpt I, Trpt II, Trpt III, and Trpt IV. The second system contains four staves for Horn I, Horn II, Horn III, and Horn IV. The third system contains four staves for Trom. I, Trom. II, B. Trom, and Euph. The fourth system contains two staves for Euph. and Tba. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The time signature is 4/4. The score shows measures 70, 71, 72, and 73. Measures 70 and 71 contain musical notation for Trom. I, Trom. II, and B. Trom. Measures 72 and 73 contain rests for all instruments.

73

Trpt I

Trpt II

Trpt III

Trpt IV

Horn I

Horn II

Horn III

Horn IV

Trom. I

Trom. II

B. Trom

Euph.

Tba.

f

Detailed description of the musical score: The score is for measures 73, 74, and 75. The key signature has two flats (Bb, Eb). The time signature is not explicitly shown but appears to be 4/4. The brass section (Trpt I-IV, Horn I-IV, Trom. I-II, B. Trom, Euph., Tba.) is mostly in rests. The Trombone I and II parts have melodic lines. The Euphonium part starts with a forte (f) dynamic and plays a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes. The Tuba part is in a rest.

This musical score page contains measures 76 through 78. The instrumentation includes four Trumpets (Trpt I-IV), four Horns (Horn I-IV), two Trombones (Trom. I-II), Baritone Trombone (B. Trom), Euphonium (Euph.), and Tubas (Tba.). Measures 76 and 77 are marked with a forte (*ff*) dynamic. Measure 78 features a crescendo leading to a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic.

79 81

Trpt I

Trpt II

Trpt III

Trpt IV

Horn I

Horn II

Horn III

Horn IV

Trom. I

Trom. II

B. Trom

Euph.

Tba.

Detailed description of the musical score: The score is for a brass section. Measures 79 and 80 show active melodic lines for most instruments. In measure 81, the Trpt I-IV and Horn I-IV parts have sustained notes, while the Trom. I-II, B. Trom, Euph., and Tba. parts have rests. The key signature has two flats, and the time signature is 4/4.

82

Trpt I

Trpt II

Trpt III

Trpt IV

Horn I

Horn II

Horn III

Horn IV

Trom. I

Trom. II

B. Trom

Euph.

Tba.

p

p

p

p

p

p

p

mf

mf

mf

mf

mf

mp

85 *8va*

Trpt I *mp* *ff*

Trpt II *mp* *ff*

Trpt III *mp* *ff*

Trpt IV *mp* *ff*

Horn I *mp* *ff*

Horn II 85 *mp* *ff*

Horn III 85 *mp* *ff*

Horn IV 85 *mp* *ff*

Trom. I *ff*

Trom. II *ff*

B. Trom *ff*

Euph. *ff*

Tba. *ff*

ABOUT THE COMPOSER



Chad "Sir Wick" Hughes (b. 1977) was born in Detroit, Michigan, graduating from Cass Technical High School whose list of alumni include Donald Sinta, Paul Chambers, Milt Jackson, Diana Ross, Ron Carter, Jack White, David Alan Grier, John Delorean, Big Sean, and Lily Tomlin.

Sir Wick graduated from the University of Michigan in Ann Arbor with a Bachelor of Music in Composition, MM from Kansas State University. He studied under James Aikman, Erik Santos, Bright Sheng, Curtis Curtis-Smith, Craig Weston, and Pulitzer-Prize winning composer William Bolcom. Sir Wick graduated with his PhD from Louisiana State University where he studied with Dinos Constantinides and Carlos Riazuelo in Music Composition and Orchestral Conducting, respectively.

His compositions and arrangements have been premiered and performed by the Cleveland Chamber Symphony, Morehouse College, Graceland University, Indianapolis Pops Symphony, University of Memphis, University of Michigan, Baker University, Alcorn State University, Bowling Green State University, University of Tennessee-Chattanooga, Tennessee State University Clark Atlanta University, and Montana State University. Sir Wick has been commissioned by Weston Sprott, Acting Principal Trombonist of the Metropolitan Opera Orchestra; Demondrae Thurman, Associate Professor of Low Brass at Samford University, and Kenneth Thompkins, Principal Trombonist of the Detroit Symphony Orchestra.

As a trombonist, Sir Wick has performed with Kid Rock, The Temptations, Martha Reeves, Dwele, Tia Fuller, Aretha Franklin, Marcus Belgrave, Marc's Project, and has arranged for Pharoahe Monch and Young RJ. His novical soundtrack, "A Tale of Two Fools," reached No. 1 on the UK Soul Charts and peaked at No. 2 on the UK Sweet Rhythm charts.

As an adjudicator and clinician, Sir Wick has been active in the state of Michigan, Georgia, Tennessee, Louisiana, and Kansas. Sir Wick as "Dr. Hughes" is currently the Director of Bands at Morehouse College in Atlanta, GA, where he also teaches history of jazz, orchestration, trombone, and improvisation.