

Grande valse de printemps

Tempo di Valse $\text{♩} = 180$

This musical score page displays a complex arrangement for a large orchestra. The instrumentation includes Piccolo, Flutes, Oboes, Clarinets in B \flat , Bassoons, Horns in F, Trumpets in B \flat , Trombone, Timpani, Triangle, Harpe (Harp), Violins I, Violins II, Violas, Violoncellos, and Contrabasses. The score is set in common time (indicated by a '4') and consists of approximately 15 measures. Measure 1 features a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes across the woodwind section. Measures 2-3 show a transition with dynamic markings *mf* and *pp*. Measures 4-5 continue with woodwind patterns. Measures 6-7 introduce the harp with a melodic line. Measures 8-9 feature sustained notes from the brass and strings. Measures 10-11 show a return to woodwind patterns. Measures 12-13 conclude with a final flourish from the brass and strings. The score is annotated with various dynamics such as *mp*, *p*, *pp*, and *mf*, along with performance instructions like *rit.* (ritardando) and *acc.* (accelerando). The harp part includes specific notation for plucking and strumming techniques.

137 8

Picc.

Fl.

Ob.

B♭ Cl.

Bsn.

F Hn.

B♭ Tpt.

Tbn.

Timp.

Trgl.

Hrp.

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

Cb.

A detailed musical score page for an orchestra. The top half shows staves for Picc., Fl., Ob., Bb Cl., Bsn., F Hn., Bb Tpt., Tbn., Timp., and Trgl. The bottom half shows staves for Hrp., Vln. I, Vln. II, Vla., Vc., and Cb. The music consists of two systems of measures. The first system ends with a repeat sign and a double bar line. The second system begins with a dynamic ff. Various dynamics are marked throughout, including f, mp, pp, and p. The strings (Vln. I, Vln. II, Vla., Vc., Cb.) play sustained notes or simple patterns. The woodwind section (Fl., Ob., Bb Cl., Bsn., F Hn., Bb Tpt., Tbn., Timp., Trgl.) and brass section (Hrp.) provide harmonic support with more complex rhythmic patterns.

A detailed musical score page for an orchestra. The top section features woodwind and brass instruments: Picc., Fl., Ob., Bb Cl., Bsn., F Hn., Bb Tpt., Tbn., Tim., Trgl., and Hrp. The bottom section features strings: Vln. I, Vln. II, Vla., Vc., and Cb. The score is filled with musical notation, including various note heads, stems, and rests. Dynamic markings such as tr (trill), f (fortissimo), mp (mezzo-forte), nf (non forte), and ff (fortississimo) are placed throughout the measures. The page number 207 and system number 8 are visible at the top left.

A detailed musical score page from Gustav Mahler's Symphony No. 5. The page is numbered 237 and shows system 8. The score is written for a large orchestra with parts for Picc., Fl., Ob., Bb Cl., Bsn., F Hn., Bb Tpt., Tbn., Timp., Trgl., Hrp., Vln. I, Vln. II, Vla., Vc., and Cb. The music consists of two systems of staves. The first system ends with a repeat sign and a bassoon solo (Bb Cl.) marked 'ff'. The second system begins with a forte dynamic 'ff' and continues with various dynamics including 'f', 'ff divisi', 'ff pizz.', and 'ff'. The section is labeled 'Piu mosso' at the top right. The score uses a mix of standard musical notation and specific Mahlerian markings like 'tr' (trill) and 'ff' (fortissimo).

Picc. *p*
 Fl.
 Ob.
 B♭ Cl.
 Bsn.
 F Hn.
 B♭ Tpt.
 Tbn.
 Timp.
 Trgl.
 Hrp.
 Vln. I
 Vln. II
 Vla.
 Vc.
 Cb.

270 s

9