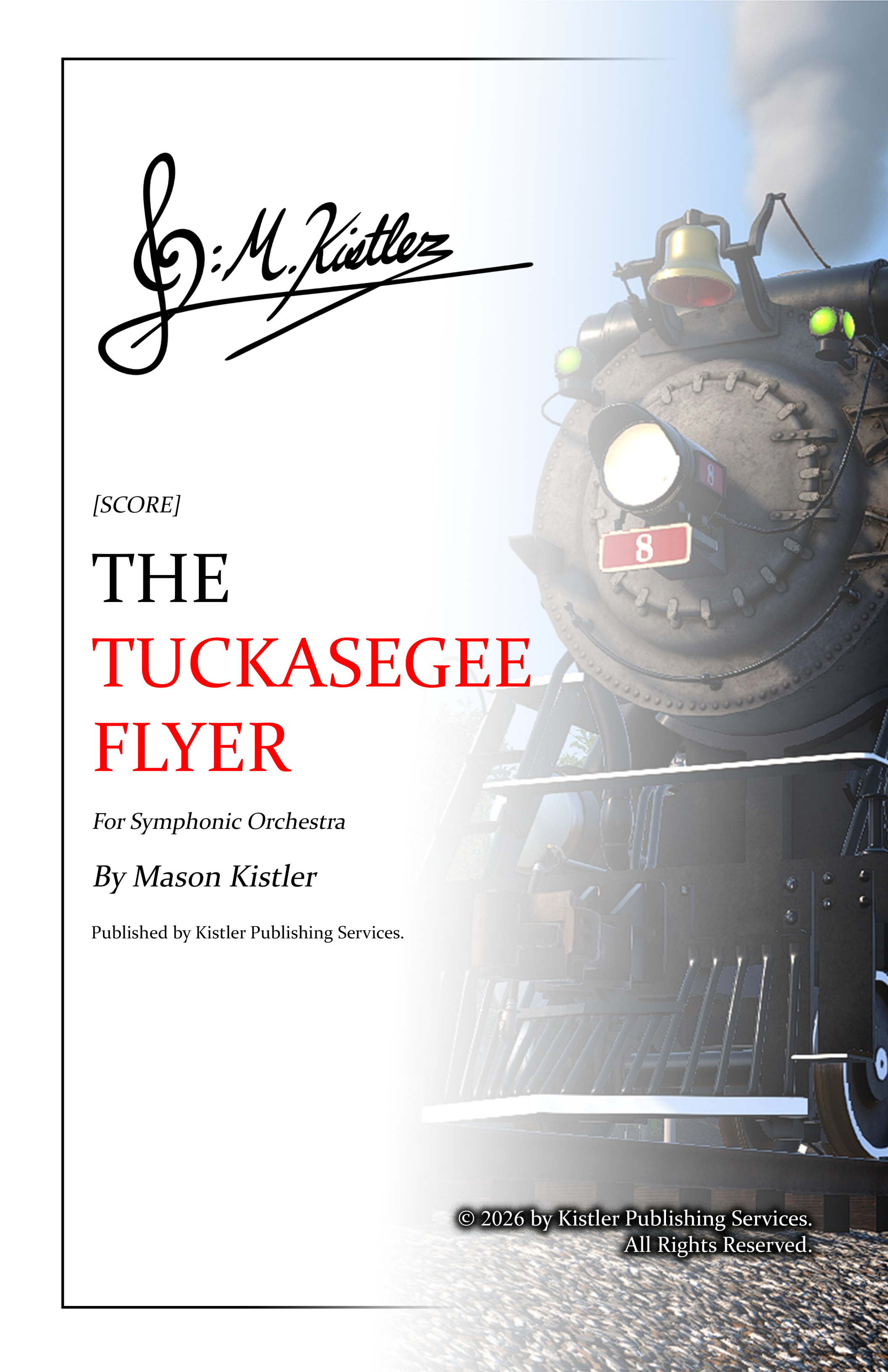




M. Kistler

[SCORE]

THE TUCKASEGEE FLYER

For Symphonic Orchestra

By Mason Kistler

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- THE TUCKASEGEE FLYER -

For Symphonic Orchestra
by Mason Kistler

Duration:
c. 5:07

INSTRUMENTATION

1 - Piccolo	Timpani
2 - Flutes	
(2nd Flute doubles to Piccolo)	Percussion 1
2 - Oboes	(Snare Drum, Orchestral bells)
2 - Clarinets in Bb	
2 - Bassoon	Percussion 2
	(Tubular Bells, Bass Drum)
	Percussion 3
4 - Horns in F	(Suspended Cymbals)
4 - Trumpets in C	
2 - Tenor Trombone	Grand Piano
1 - Bass Trombone	
1 - Tuba	STRINGS

ABOUT THE PIECE

The Tuckasegee Flyer is an orchestral depiction of what it feels like to ride behind a steam locomotive. This work is a feature of the fictional series “Mountain Sound: Re-Fired,” which was created by internet persona “Mad Waffle,” who is a content creator based in the United States. This series covers the story of anthropomorphic trains that work off the Nantahala River in Western North Carolina, USA. It is considered a machinima, which is a style of media that is solely produced inside of a video game. Based within the game, “Railroader” (2023), the original pilot episodes aired in Spring, 2024. After production ceased to allow more capabilities to be added within Railroader, Mountain Sound began airing in Summer, 2026, where this work was featured.

Within the series, this work acts to convey a sense of journey for various characters and add to the energy of various scenes. The inspiration of this work came from different authors, however the most prominent came between two: Vivan Ellis and his work “Coronation Scot,” and “Mountain Sound” by Of Monsters and Men. Mountain Sound would become the inspiration for the title of the whole series and serve as inspiration for its soundtrack. Another work of my collection, “Call of the Mountains,” was an orchestral arrangement of the same song and functions as the title theme and overture to the whole series. In The Tuckasegee Flyer, the main theme comes directly from the chorus of “Mountain Sound,” while the harmonic and orchestral foundation came from Coronation Scot by Vivian Ellis.

In regard to the score, the challenge of this work was the depiction of a steam locomotive. It was not designed to be a one-to-one capture of the machine we call a steam locomotive, but is to capture the perspective of a passenger or spectator as they ride down the rails. With its construction, it uses a Ternary Form, A-B-A’, with an Introduction and Coda:

Intro - A - B - A’ - Coda
[Expo] - [Development] - [Recap]

The introduction is a hymn, “My Home, Tuckasegee,” an original hymn I created based off the main theme within the work. It is made up of an AABA form, and is found in the introduction and the recapitulation. The brass act as the vehicle for the hymn and act as the whistle of the steam locomotive, where they do the standard whistle code all trains use in the United States. The violoncello and bassoons create the chugging sounds while the snare drum help add to the effect. Lastly, the tubular bells in the recapitulation act as bells found at railroad crossings.

Outside the capture of a steam locomotive, there is an importance of the brass section. When they are not functioning as the locomotive, or propelling the hymn, they have key voice leadings to highlight changing harmonies as the work heads into the development. When put together, the ensemble brings us along for the ride, and calls us aboard The Tuckasegee Flyer!

PROGRAM NOTE

The steam locomotive. An important machine in the development of society and a fascinating subject for composers to depict through acoustic instruments! Works such as Coronation Scot, Chattanooga Choo Choo, and Pacific 231 are among the many compositions inspired by steam locomotives. Written in 2026 by Mason Kistler, The Tuckasegee Flyer is the newest addition to this catalogue. This work is part of “Mountain Sound: Re-Fired,” a fictional machinima series that follows anthropomorphic trains working along the Nantahala River in Western North Carolina. Created by internet persona “Mad Waffle,” and set within the videogame Railroader (2023), the pilot episode originally aired in spring 2024, and resumed in summer 2026 after production paused to allow for further development within Railroader.

The piece draws inspiration primarily from Vivian Ellis’s “Coronation Scot” and “Mountain Sound” by Of Monsters and Men. The latter inspired the title of the series and its soundtrack. Within The Tuckasegee Flyer, the main theme comes directly from the chorus of Mountain Sound, with its harmonic and orchestral foundation influenced by Coronation Scot. Join the orchestra on the rails, and welcome aboard The Tuckasegee Flyer!

Transposed Score

- THE TUCKASEGEE FLYER -

Mason Kistler (ASCAP)
(b. 2002)

Calm, with motion (♩ = 78-80)

Flute 1

Flute 2

Oboe 1

Oboe 2

B♭ Clarinet 1

B♭ Clarinet 2

Bassoon 1

Bassoon 2

F Horn 1 & 2

F Horn 3 & 4

C Trumpet 1

C Trumpet 2

Trombone 1

Trombone 2

Bass Trombone

Tuba

Timpani
[B♭-Eb-F-A♭]

Percussion 1
(Snare Drum)

Percussion 2
(Tub. Bells)

Percussion 3
(Suspended Cymbal)

Grand Piano

Violins 1

Violins 2

Violas

Violoncellos

Contrabasses

6

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob. 1

Ob. 2

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

Bsn. 1

Bsn. 2

F Hn. 1 2

F Hn. 3 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

B. Tbn.

Tba.

Timp.
[Bb-Eb-F-Ab]

Perc. 1
(Sn. Dr.)

Perc. 2
(Tub.
Bells)

Perc. 3
(Sus.
Cym.)

Pno.

Vlns. 1

Vlns. 2

Vlas.

Vcs.

Cbs.

10

A

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob. 1

Ob. 2

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

Bsn. 1

Bsn. 2

</

[illegible]

B Racing Down the Tracks (♩ = 138-144)

Fl. 1 *mf*

Fl. 2 *mf*

Ob. 1 *mf*

Ob. 2 *mf*

B♭ Cl. 1 *mf*

B♭ Cl. 2 *mf*

Bsn. 1 *f*

Bsn. 2 *f*

B

F Hn. 1 & 2 *f*

F Hn. 3 & 4 *f*

C Tpt. 1 *f*

C Tpt. 2 *f*

Tbn. 1 *f*

Tbn. 2 *f*

B. Tbn. *f*

Tba. *f*

Timp. [B♭-E♭-F-Ab] *f*

Perc. 1 (Sn. Dr.) *mf*

Perc. 2 (Tub. Bells)

Perc. 3 (Sus. Cym.) *f*

B Racing Down the Tracks (♩ = 138-144)

Vlins. 1 *mf*

Vlins. 2 *mf*

Vlas. *mf*

Vcs. *f* div.

Cbs. *f* pizz.

24

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob. 1

Ob. 2

B♭ Cl. 1

mf

B♭ Cl. 2

mf

Bsn. 1

mf

Bsn. 2

mf

F Hn. 1 2

mf

F Hn. 3 4

mf

C Tpt. 1

mf

C Tpt. 2

mf

Tbn. 1

mf

Tbn. 2

mf

B. Tbn.

mp

Tba.

mp

Timp.
[B♭-Eb-F-Ab]

Perc. 1
(Sn. Dr.)

Perc. 2
(Tub.
Bells)

Perc. 3
(Sus.
Cym.)

Pno.

Vlns. 1

Vlns. 2

Vlas.

Vcs.

Cbs.

mf

C

Fl. 1

mp

Fl. 2

mp

Ob. 1

f

Ob. 2

f

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

Bsn. 1

Bsn. 2

C

F Hn. 1 2

F Hn. 3 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

B. Tbn.

Tba.

Timp.
[Bb-Eb-F-Ab]

Perc. 1
(Sn. Dr.)

To Bass Drum

Perc. 2
(Bs. Dr.)

mf

Perc. 3
(Sus.
Cym.)

Pno.

mp

C

Vlns. 1

f

Vlns. 2

f

Vlas.

Vcs.

Cbs.

32

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob. 1

Ob. 2

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

Bsn. 1

Bsn. 2

F Hn. 1 2

F Hn. 3 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

B. Tbn.

Tba.

Timp.
(Bb-Eb-F-Ab)

Perc. 1
(Sn. Dr.)

Perc. 2
(Bs. Dr.)

Perc. 3
(Sus.
Cym.)

Pno.

Vlns. 1

Vlns. 2

Vlas.

Vcs.

Cbs.

36

D

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob. 1

Ob. 2

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

Bsn. 1

Bsn. 2

D

F Hn. 1 2

F Hn. 3 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

B. Tbn.

Tba.

Timp.
[Bb-Eb-F-Ab]

Perc. 1
(Sn. Dr.)

Perc. 2
(Bs. Dr.)

Perc. 3
(Sus. Cym.)

Pno.

D

Vlns. 1

Vlns. 2

Vlas.

Vcs.

Cbs.

arco

This image shows a page of a musical score, likely for a symphony, featuring staves for various instruments. The score is written in a standard musical notation with a key signature of three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat) and a common time signature (C). The instruments listed on the left include Fl. 1, Fl. 2, Ob. 1, Ob. 2, Bb Cl. 1, Bb Cl. 2, Bsn. 1, Bsn. 2, F Hn. 1 & 2, F Hn. 3 & 4, C Tpt. 1, C Tpt. 2, Tbn. 1, Tbn. 2, B. Tbn., Tba., Timp. [Bb-Eb-F-Ab], Perc. 1 (Sn. Dr.), Perc. 2 (Bs. Dr.), Perc. 3 (Sus. Cym.), Pno., Vlns. 1, Vlns. 2, Vlas., Vcs., and Cbs. The score includes dynamic markings such as *f* (forte) and *mf* (mezzo-forte). A large, diagonal watermark reading "PREVIEW" is overlaid across the center of the page. The page number "47" is visible in the top left corner, and a section marker "F" is present at the top of the first staff.

G Soaring

The image displays a page from a musical score, likely for a symphony, featuring a variety of instruments. The score is written in a key signature of three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat) and a common time signature (C). The instruments listed on the left include Flute 1, Piccolo (Flute 2), Oboe 1, Oboe 2, Bassoon 1, Bassoon 2, French Horn 1 & 2, French Horn 3 & 4, Trumpet 1, Trumpet 2, Trombone 1, Trombone 2, Baritone Trombone, Tuba, Timpani (B-flat, E-flat, F, A-flat), Percussion 1 (Snare Drum), Percussion 2 (Tubular Bells), Percussion 3 (Suspension Cymbal), Piano, Violin 1, Violin 2, Viola, Violoncello, and Double Bass.

The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. Dynamic markings such as *f* (forte), *mp* (mezzo-piano), and *ff* (fortissimo) are used throughout. A section marked with a large 'G' and the word 'Soaring' is present, indicating a specific musical phrase or mood. The score includes various musical notations, including notes, rests, and articulation marks.

57

Fl. 1

Picc. (Fl. 2)

Ob. 1

Ob. 2

Bb Cl. 1

Bb Cl. 2

Bsn. 1

Bsn. 2

F Hn. 1 2

F Hn. 3 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

B. Tbn.

Tba.

Timp. [Bb-Eb-F-Ab]

Perc. 1 (Sn. Dr.)

Perc. 2 (Tub. Bells)

Perc. 3 (Sus. Cym.)

Pno.

Vlns. 1

Vlns. 2

Vlas.

Vcs.

Cbs.

H

65

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob. 1

Ob. 2

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

Bsn. 1

Bsn. 2

F Hn. 1 2

F Hn. 3 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

B. Tbn.

Tba.

Timp.
[Bb-Eb-F-Ab]

Perc. 1
(Sn. Dr.)

Perc. 2
(Tub.
Bells)

Perc. 3
(Sus.
Cym.)

Pno.

Vlns. 1

Vlns. 2

Vlas.

Vcs.

Cbs.

molto. rit.

molto. rit.

I Gentle, with motion (♩ = 78-80)

76

Fl. 1 *mp*

Fl. 2 *p*

Ob. 1 *mp*

Ob. 2 *p*

B♭ Cl. 1 *mp*

B♭ Cl. 2 *p*

Bsn. 1

Bsn. 2 *mf*

F Hn. 1 2 *mf*

F Hn. 3 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

B. Tbn.

Tba.

Timp.
[Bb-Eb-F-Ab]

Perc. 1
(Orch.
Bells) *mf*

Perc. 2
(Tub.
Bells)

Perc. 3
(Sus.
Cym.) *p*

Pno.

Vlins. 1

Vlins. 2

Vlas.

Vcs.

Cbs.

PREVIEW

J

84

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob. 1

Ob. 2

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

Bsn. 1

Bsn. 2

F Hn. 1 2

F Hn. 3 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

B. Tbn.

Tba.

Timp.
[B♭-Eb-F-Ab]

Perc. 1
(Orch.
Bells)

Perc. 2
(Tub.
Bells)

Perc. 3
(Sus.
Cym.)

Pno.

Vlins. 1

Vlins. 2

Vlas.

Vcs.

Cbs.

K

92

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob. 1

Ob. 2

Bb Cl. 1

Bb Cl. 2

Bsn. 1

Bsn. 2

F Hn. 1 2

F Hn. 3 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

B. Tbn.

Tba.

Timp.
[C-F-G-Bb]

Perc. 1
(Orch.
Bells)

Perc. 2
(Tub.
Bells)

Perc. 3
(Sus.
Cym.)

Pno.

Vlns. 1

Vlns. 2

Vlas.

Vcs.

Cbs.

molto rit.

molto rit.

L Racing Down the Tracks (♩ = 138-144)

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob. 1

Ob. 2

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

Bsn. 1

Bsn. 2

L

F Hn. 1 2

F Hn. 3 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

B. Tbn.

Tba.

Timp.
[C-F-G-Bb]

Perc. 1
(Sn. Dr.)

Perc. 2
(Tub. Bells)

Perc. 3
(Sus. Cym.)

Pno.

L Racing Down the Tracks (♩ = 138-144)

Vlins. 1

Vlins. 2

Vlas.

Vcs.

Cbs.

102

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob. 1

Ob. 2

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

Bsn. 1

Bsn. 2

F Hn. 1 2

F Hn. 3 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

B. Tbn.

Tba.

Timp.
[C-F-G-B♭]

Perc. 1
(Sn. Dr.)

Perc. 2
(Tub.
Bells)

Perc. 3
(Sus.
Cym.)

Pno.

Vlins. 1

Vlins. 2

Vlas.

Vcs.

Cbs.

M

M

M

110

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob. 1

Ob. 2

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

Bsn. 1

Bsn. 2

F Hn. 1 2

mf

F Hn. 3 4

mf

C Tpt. 1

mf

C Tpt. 2

mf

Tbn. 1

mf

Tbn. 2

mf

B. Tbn.

mf

Tba.

mf

Timp.
[C-F-G-B♭]

mf

Perc. 1
(Sn. Dr.)

Perc. 2
(Bs. Dr.)

Perc. 3
(Sus. Cym.)

Pno.

Vlns. 1

Vlns. 2

Vlas.

Vcs.

Cbs.

114

N

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob. 1

Ob. 2

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

Bsn. 1

Bsn. 2

N

F Hn. 1 2

F Hn. 3 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

B. Tbn.

Tba.

Timp.
(C-F-G-Bb)

Perc. 1
(Sn. Dr.)

Perc. 2
(Bs. Dr.)

Perc. 3
(Sus. Cym.)

Pno.

N

Vlns. 1

Vlns. 2

Vlas.

Ves.

Cbs.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob. 1

Ob. 2

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

Bsn. 1

Bsn. 2

F Hn. 1 2

F Hn. 3 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

B. Tbn.

Tba.

Timp.
[C-F-G-Bb]

Perc. 1
(Sn. Dr.)

Perc. 2
(Bs. Dr.)

Perc. 3
(Sus. Cym.)

Pno.

Vlins. 1

Vlins. 2

Vlas.

Vcs.

Cbs.

arco

124

O

Fl. 1

Picc. (Fl. 2)

Ob. 1

Ob. 2

Bb Cl. 1

Bb Cl. 2

Bsn. 1

Bsn. 2

O

F Hn. 1, 2

F Hn. 3, 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

B. Tbn.

Tba.

Timp. (C-F-G-Bb)

Perc. 1 (Sn. Dr.)

Perc. 2 (Bs. Dr.)

Perc. 3 (Sus. Cym.)

Pno.

O

Vlns. 1

Vlns. 2

Vlas.

Vcs.

Cbs.

128

Fl. 1

Picc.
(Fl. 2)

Ob. 1

Ob. 2

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

Bsn. 1

Bsn. 2

F Hn. 1 2

F Hn. 3 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

B. Tbn.

Tba.

Timp.
[C-E♭-G-B♭]

Perc. 1
(Sn. Dr.)

Perc. 2
(Bs. Dr.)

Perc. 3
(Sus.
Cym.)

Pno.

Vlins. 1

Vlins. 2

Vlas.

Vcs.

Cbs.

P

132

Fl. 1

Picc. (Fl. 2)

Ob. 1

Ob. 2

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

Bsn. 1

Bsn. 2

P

F Hn. 1 & 2

F Hn. 3 & 4

C Tpt. 1

C Tpt. 2

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

B. Tbn.

Tba.

Timp. [C-Eb-G-Bb]

Perc. 1 (Sn. Dr.)

Perc. 2 (Bs. Dr.)

Perc. 3 (Sus. Cym.)

Pno.

P

Vlins. 1

Vlins. 2

Vlas.

Vcs.

Cbs.

The image displays a musical score for measures 132 through 135. The score is written for a large orchestra, including woodwinds (Flutes, Oboes, Clarinets, Bassoons), brass (Horns, Trumpets, Trombones, Tuba), percussion (Snare Drum, Bass Drum, Suspended Cymbal), piano, and strings (Violins, Viola, Violoncello, Double Bass). The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The tempo is marked 'Allegretto' (implied by the '132' measure number). The score features a large, bold 'P' at the beginning of measure 132, indicating a 'Piano' dynamic. The woodwinds and brass sections play melodic lines, while the piano and strings provide harmonic support. The percussion section includes a snare drum pattern and a bass drum pattern. The score is marked with 'f' (forte) and 'p' (piano) dynamics. A large, diagonal 'PREVIEW' watermark is overlaid across the center of the page.

136

This page contains musical staves for measures 136 through 138. The instruments listed are:

- Fl. 1
- Picc. (Fl. 2)
- Ob. 1
- Ob. 2
- B♭ Cl. 1
- B♭ Cl. 2
- Bsn. 1
- Bsn. 2
- F Hn. 1 & 2
- F Hn. 3 & 4
- C Tpt. 1
- C Tpt. 2
- Tbn. 1
- Tbn. 2
- B. Tbn.
- Tba.
- Timp. [C-Eb-G-Bb]
- Perc. 1 (Sn. Dr.)
- Perc. 2 (Bs. Dr.)
- Perc. 3 (Sus. Cym.)
- Pno.
- Vlns. 1
- Vlns. 2
- Vlas.
- Vcs.
- Cbs.

The score includes dynamic markings such as *f*, *fp*, and *sf*. A large diagonal watermark reading "PREVIEW" is overlaid across the center of the page.